# Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 25, NO. 7756. PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18 1885. PRICE FIVE CENTS.



AILWAYS AND STEAMSHIPS.

AT OVERLAND ROUTE

...tern Pacific ...

...rtest Line to Chicago & the East.
...rtest Line to Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Atchison, Quincy, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, New Orleans, and all points south and southeast.

...T. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R...

Is the ONLY line Running
Passenger Trains,
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
Palace Dining Cars (meals 50c),
Luxuriant Day Coaches,
Emigrant Sleepers (free of charge),
to Washington and Oregon Points.

To The East:
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ
the Northern Pacific R. R. and ... change of cars.

...is the only line running through ... from Portland.

Portland ... P. M. daily; arrive ... or St. Paul 12.30 P. M. fourth day.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

...leaves Front and G daily ... A. M., ... coms 6 05 P. M. connecting with ... ds on Puget Sound.
...AS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.
...D CHARLTON, Gen'l West'n Pass. Agt., No 2 Washington st., P...

...gon R'y & Navigation ...
OCEAN DIVISION.

...VE PORTLAND ... 12 MIDNIGHT
...Sunday Mar. 1
...Friday Mar 6
...Wed'y Mar 11
...Monday Mar 16
...Saturday Mar 21
...a Thur'y Mar 26
...Tuesday Mar 31
...Sunday April 5

LEAVE SAN FRAN... AT 10 A. M.
...Queen
...Oregon
...Columbia
...State
...Oregon,
...Columbia,

...reserved to change steamers or sailing dates.

SAIL DIVISION.

...fer steamer connecting with Astoria ... and ... wharf Portland, daily, at 6 P. M.
...Express arrives at Portland daily at 8 P. M.
...Line Passenger Trains run daily, ... at Wallula Junction and Huntington ...
...East.
...ugh Sleeping Cars.—Pullman Palace ... on Sleeping Cars between Portland and ... Bluffs.
...gram Sleepers are run through to ... Burrell Bluffs without change.

...LE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
...leaves Portland for Dalles at 7 A. M.
...arrives at Portland from Dalles at 5 P. M.

| Portland for | Mo | Tu. | Wed. | Thu. | Fri. | S |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ...& Low... | 6 AM | 6 AM | 6 AM | 6 AM | 6 AM | 6 AM |
| ...Or. | 7 AM | | | | | |

... 6 AM ...

...ROW GAUGE DIVISION, EAST SIDE.
...tween PORTLAND and WEST STAYTON.
...via O. R. & N. to Woodburn, ... for West Stayton leave Portland at ... days, Wednesdays and Fridays.
...rownsville (via Lebanon Junction) leave ... 4 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesday and ...

WEST SIDE.

...REN PORTLAND, SHERIDAN AND ... via O. & C. R. R. to Whites.
...Portland at 9 A. M. Returning, ... at Portland at 6 A. M.
...ith for all points on Narrow Gauge ... and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R. ... subside Divisions, respectively.
...eneral Offices cor. Front and ... RESCOTT, JOHN MUIR, ... nager. Traffic Manager.
A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.

...RLAND TO CALIFORNIA
VIA
...regon & California R. R.
And Connections.
...to San Francisco $33; to Sacramento ...

...connections made at Ashland with ... California and Oregon Stage Company.

(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
...Side Division.
...VERN PORTLAND AND ASHLAND
Mail Train.

| | LEAVE. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|---|
| ...ad. | 7.30 A. M. Ashland | ...P.M. |
| ... | 8.45 P. M. Portland | ...A.M. |
| | Albany Express Train. | |
| ...ad. | 4:00 P. M. Lebanon | ...P.M. |
| ...on. | 6.45 A. M. Portland | ...A.M. |

...an Palace Sleeping Car leaves Portland ... and Thursdays. Returning, leaves Ashland ... Fridays.
...C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with all ... trains on the East Side Div from foot of ...

West Side Division.
...WEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS
Mail Train.

| | LEAVE. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|---|
| ...ad. | 9:00 A. M. Corvallis | ...P.M. |
| ... | 8.30 A. M. Portland | ...P.M. |
| | Express Train. | |
| ...d. | 5:00 P. M. McMinnville | ...P.M. |
| ...ville | 9:45 A. M. Portland | ...P.M. |

...tickets for sale and baggage checked at ... up town office, cor Stark and Second ... for principal points in California and ... ed and baggage rechecked at company's ... rner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or. ... rs will not be received for shipment after ... P. M. on either the East or West Side lines.
...KOEHLER, E. P. ROGERS,
Manager G. F. & Pass. Agent.

# DR. FRICE

For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at ...
...2 Market Street, Louisville
...st. Third and Fourth
...larly educated and legally qualified physician ... manhood, as the records will prove. ... cures all forms of PRIVATE ... NOUS and SEXUAL ... SES.
...Spermatorrhea and Impotency
...result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in ... years, or other causes and producing some of the ... following effects: Nervousness, Nocturnal Emissions, ... Dizziness, Lost or Failing Memory, Loss of Sexual ... Power, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, ... Blotches, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, and ... ion of Ideas, Use of Mercury, Pain in the Bones, ... Throat, Ulcers in the Mouth, Skin Eruptions, ... Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, ... thoroughly and permanently cured. ... SYPHILIS positively eradicated from the system. ... Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammation, Pain in the Kidneys and other private diseases quickly cured. ... self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a class of diseases and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Many suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Exposure contract ... ailments destructive to both mind and body, rendering ... impossible or unadvisable to marry. It is to this class of ... especially that Dr. F. addresses himself, guaranteeing a ... cure in every case undertaken. Those who place themselves ... his care may rely upon his honor as a gentleman and a ... to strictly preserve secrecy. When necessary, medicines ... be sent privately by mail or express anywhere.
...ures Guaranteed in all Cases
...ferial, private or otherwise, or by letter free and ... Terms reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

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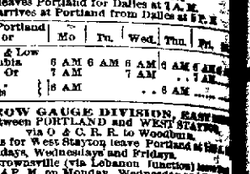


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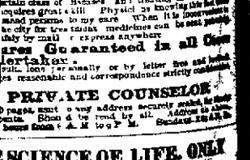

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...ERS

# The Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1885


## THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Whether, in the appointment of Miller of West Virginia, instead of Thompson of Kentucky, to the office of commissioner of internal revenue, there is any such significance as Watterson of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* finds, is a question whose solution may depend on the views one takes of the tariff and internal revenue, and their relation to the industries and finances of the country. The tariff question is closely related to internal revenue policy. If the internal revenue system be retained duties on foreign goods may be greatly decreased; but if domestic taxes be abolished, then the whole resource for revenue will be the tariff on imports, and hence the tariff cannot be materially reduced.

It is well known that the democratic party is divided sharply on the question. With greatest difficulty it got through the late campaign without coming to an open rupture upon it. Randall of Pennsylvania and Carlisle of Kentucky are usually spoken of as the representatives of the two opposing ideas. They were competitors for the speakership of the last congress—Randall standing for high tariff and Carlisle for low tariff. Though Carlisle won the speakership, Randall held a strong force of democrats against the Carlisle policy, and succeeded in defeating the bill to reduce the duties. The question threatened for a time to disrupt the democratic national convention but at last, by the use of a juggle of words which could be interpreted both ways, they got over the difficulty for that occasion, and the two factions succeeded in working together for the campaign. But it was apparent that Mr. Cleveland's sympathies were with the Randall wing, and this has become still more apparent in the composition of his cabinet. The free trade element of the party is represented by the appointment of Mr. Bayard to the state department,—a department that has nothing to do with fiscal policy, but when the selection for the treasury was to be made the president took Mr. Manning, who has steadily proclaimed through his paper—the Albany *Argus*—that the tariff was not a political or party question, and that the country was not called on in the late political contest to decide whether protection should be upheld or not. The treasury, then, is to be administered in accord with the views of the Randall party. That is to say, Mr Cleveland's administration will lend its influence to the support of the protection system,—though in doing so it will run counter to the views and wishes of the larger section of the party.

The reminiscences of slavery and the memories of the war will hold the south together, but beyond this the democratic party has not a single bond of union. It represents nothing, and can agree upon nothing. The vote of last November was not a vote of confidence either in the democratic party or in Mr Cleveland, for Mr Cleveland, as the candidate of the party, lacked some 300,000 of a majority of the votes cast in the several states. As the *Ohio State Journal* puts it, his election signified nothing except a desire for *change* on the part of a bare plurality of the voters. Men voted for Cleveland for different and opposing reasons. Democrats of the Carlisle school voted for him on the assumption that he was a free-trader, while democrats of the Randall school supported him because they understood him to be a protectionist. The silver inflationists of the west and southwest voted for Cleveland because they believed him to be an 85-cent dollar man, the gold-bugs of the east supported him because they regarded him as a monometalist. The anti-monopolists gave Cleveland an enthusiastic support, while Gould and Vanderbilt, the bonanza miners and the Standard Oil company, regarded him as in no way inimical to their interests, and so supplied his campaign committee with the sinews of war. The New York and New England independents voted for Cleveland because, in their opinion, he represented civil service reform, the great body of the democrats of the country supported him under the impression that he would, when elected, disregard the civil service law, which they regard as an undemocratic humbug. In fact Mr Cleveland represented nothing except the aggregated opposition to the republican party to-wit, the solid south, the mossbacks, the kids, the soreheads, the mugwumps and cranks. Of the 10,000,000 votes cast at the late election he did not receive as much as 2,000,000 of any one leading idea. Properly speaking, he has no national party at his back. A large and influential section of the democratic party is in favor of continuing the republican policy as regards the public credit, the tariff and the currency. If Mr Cleveland declares in favor of that section of his party one-half of the democratic representatives and senators in congress will array themselves in opposition to his administration, unless they are prepared to go back on their professed principles, as for sibling with the inflationists and free-traders he does not do that. If he persists in his attempt to carry out the mugwump idea of civil service he will bring a swarm of hornets about his ears which will make it exceedingly unpleasant for him, and woe unto him if he disappoints the mugwumps to whom he owes his election.

Controversies in the democratic party on all these subjects are inevitable. So long as there was no responsibility resting on that party for the conduct of the government these differences could be kept within bounds, and opposition to the republican party was a bond of union. But all that is changed now. Responsibility can no longer be disclaimed. The questions which heretofore have been evaded by the democratic party must now come to direct issue within it. The consequence will be seen next winter when all these subjects come up in congress for discussion and solution. Then the democratic party must take the lead. It must outline and develop a policy of its own. It cannot do this and retain the support of all the factions that contributed to its success in the late presidential election.

## A TEST CASE.

In his inaugural address President Cleveland said that "the people demand reform in the administration of the government and the application of business principles to public affairs. As a means to this end civil service reform should be in good faith enforced. Our citizens have the right to protection from the incompetency of public employes who hold their places solely as the reward of partisan service, and from the corrupting influence of those who promise, and the vicious methods of those who expect such rewards."

Thus far the president has made but few nominations to office. He does not act as if he had gone to Washington with lists made up of republicans to be slaughtered, and the spoilsmen are becoming disgusted with him. But sanity as a civil service reformer has not yet been really tested. A case will soon be brought to his attention, however, which will give him an opportunity to show to the country what his real intentions are. The term of Mr Pearson, postmaster of New York expires on the 1st instant, and the disposition which he shall make of this office will prove a crucial test of Mr. Cleveland's sincerity. Mr Pearson owes his present position not so much to politics as to his own efficiency. He has worked his way through every grade and by service in almost every department of the postoffice. His aim as postmaster has been to improve he efficiency of the service to the public, and to leave the management of politics to others. He has refused to permit his subordinates to be intimidated into giving political assessments and has shielded them from the onslaught of politicians who sought their positions. The business community is practically unanimous in desiring his re-appointment. The democratic politicians of course want the place for some man who has distinguished himself for partisan service and given promise that he would use the postal service to help the party. But if Mr Cleveland intends to carry out the pledges he has made it will be difficult for him to find any reason for disregarding the sentiment of the business community and disappointing the hopes of the reformers. If this postoffice with its 1800 or more employes is made one of the prizes in the new administration, there will be little hope of the application of business principles to public affairs during this administration. The Rochester *Democrat*, a republican paper, says "the president may or may not have the pluck to carry him along in the line which he has presumably marked out. These things are yet to be determined, but, for the present, he is doing well and deserves credit for good intentions. We have no predictions to make, but stranger things have happened than that, before many months have waxed and waned, the president should have established himself in the confidence of the better elements of his party, while the sectionalist and the spoilsmen, and the silver lunatics, and all that maketh and loveth a lie, in his own party, will be in deadly hostility to him."

## PRISON LABOR.

As a lesson for Connecticut, the Hartford *Courant* reviews the rise and progress, in the state of New York, of that peculiar form of demagogy that prevents the inmates of prisons from supporting themselves, and thus from learning trades by which they can earn honest livings and reform. Putting aside the moral question entirely, the benefit to the state of reforming these men into producing and law-abiding and industrious citizens, the *Courant* says, "the state has made a tremendous saving of money in not being obliged to catch, try and send again to prison these ex-convicts. It is just there that the great economy comes in, and it is just there that 'reformation' of convicts pays. The state of New York has made a tremendous retrograde movement in economy, in morals, in civilization. It is a warning specimen of what we may expect from the rule of demagogues."

The Pittsburg *Post* has lately published some statistics taken from the report of the warden of the western Pennsylvania penitentiary, to show that idleness and a lack of industrial training are the chief causes of crime. It is a general notion that a great proportion of human misery and crime results from intemperance, but the records of prisons show that at the present day rogues as a class are neither ignorant nor intemperate. Of 574 prisoners received last year in the penitentiary referred to 477 had no trade, 491 could read and write, and only 46 are classed as intemperate, though a larger number, 198, were "occasionally intoxicated." It appears from these statistics that ignorance holds but a trifling relation to the causes which lead to an evil life that is almost certain to find its outcome in the state prison. Intemperance is a more potent force, yet is only a secondary one. Idleness and a lack of industrial training are the sweeping causes that lead to a life of crime. When the state has an opportunity to supply the defect in industrial training which brings men and boys to the penitentiary, the opportunity should not be neglected by the demagogue's plea against letting prison labor compete with the labor of honest people. If the prisoner do not work in prison the honest laborer must be taxed for his support in idleness.

The actions of Barrios or some of those Central American republics may lead the United States to take a hand in their difficulties. Already it has been deemed necessary to send one or two of our war vessels to cruise in neighboring waters, and it is understood the Wachusetts has special instructions to act in case of emergency. By our dispatches this morning there seems reason to suppose that it may be necessary to do something more decisive than merely watch American interests. The Central and South American cable company, an American institution, has received considerable attention recently, and it is now stated that guards have been placed at all their landings by the authorities of Mexico, San Salvador and Nicaragua, with the probable intention of seizing or manipulating the property in case it should seem feasible. Secretary Bayard has notified the Guatamalan government that it will be held responsible for any damage to American life or property. Should his notice be appreciated by Barrios there is little danger of further trouble, but there remains a possibility that we may be obliged to recast our plowshares and have a little Egyptian campaign of our own.

The bill to prevent aliens from holding large estates in our territories, which was reported favorably in the senate, has excited some attention and remark in England. The London *Standard* takes it for granted that the bill will eventually become a law, and points out a way of getting around it. "The concealed intention of the bill is to limit immigration, and thus act as a 'protection' to a class whose clamor has led to its introduction in congress. The first effect of its passing would be to stop the flow of capital to America, and to seriously influence the prosperity of the regions to which this money went," says the *Standard*. It may, however, be easily avoided. "There are such devices as holding property under powers of attorney and trusteeships; and though it may be illegal for one company to own more than 5000 acres, the bill does not touch six who parcel out a tract of 30,000 acres among them with an understanding regarding the yearly division of profits."

A rumor in Canada that the British government has asked how soon the Canadian Pacific railroad will be completed is interpreted, in view of a possible war with Russia on the Afghan frontier, as a timely preparation for forwarding troops and supplies. Mr R. B. Angus, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific, says that if the Suez canal should be closed, the shortest route to India would be over the Canadian Pacific. It is also the shortest to China. Great Britain must have an alternate route, as complications may arise in the Mediterranean which would make even communication with Egypt difficult, although it would be a roundabout way to get there. Mr Angus says the gaps yet to be built in the Canadian Pacific are not of such distance that troops, should necessity compel them, could not make the distance by easy marches, in fact, troops could be sent over this route in April, when the Canadian Pacific boats begin running on Lake Superior.

The Wisconsin (Fla.) *Herald* lifts up its voice as follows: "Hosanna! The inauguration of a democratic president is unto our fair ished soul as honey on a hot waffle. Our blood tingles with frest ness, we can hear the birds singing in the green groves that margin the pellucid lakes in paradise. Just think of it! After hobbling in the arid, sunty desert of politics for twenty four years, we round up at an oasis whose springs are nectar and whose beds are roses. Is it any wonder that every hair of our editorial head seems to be a jew's-harp playing that good old tune, 'saints' Rest.' We have an eye on the postoffice, and the future spreads out before us like the feather-end of a peacock on a sunny June morning." What an inexpressible sadness must reign just about this time in the neighborhood of Wisconsin. The cold, stern fact of civil service reform has evidently produced as chilening an effect as the presence of a skeleton at the wedding feast. Its very touching.

The Philadelphia *Record* sounds a note in favor of municipal spring cleaning in an article beginning: "Between fortyland fifty thousand cesspools exist in this city." After so startling an opening, the article goes on to describe the effect which these cesspools, most of which are not cemented, are having on the soil of Philadelphia. Judging by the facts stated, Philadelphia has some reason to be disturbed lest its condition in this respect invite an epidemic, or make one that may come uninvited entirely at home. This city is not free from the cesspool nuisance, but the prevailing low temperature of the summer months reduces the danger to, perhaps, a less serious. It would be much safer, however, to supply every part of the city with sewers, and avoid altogether the uncleanness of that disposal of filth which is modeled on the system of the Philadelphia farmyard.

The New York *Graphic* endorses the line in favor of civil service reform in the White House Order civilians, the *Graphic* says, must be routed out in order that some rats may be put in who will "vitalize the party." But a first-class cook is not to be sacrificed to the vicissitudes of politics, and the *Sun* openly rejoices in the retention by Mr Cleveland of Mr Arthur's distinguished cook. In its solicitude for the peace of mind of this great artist, the *Sun* gently hints to Mr. Cleveland that the latter's crude rural notions about early breakfasts may indicate indifference to the great dinners which are the cook's especial pride, and adds that Mr. Cleveland should not discourage the high ambitions of his cook.

President Cleveland's appointments to office have averaged less than one per day since March 4. There are no words in the English language sufficiently strong to give even a hint of the prevalent and growing democratic disgust at this presidential procrastination. "For what does he suppose we gave him election," ask these angry seekers for place, "if not to give us the offices just as fast as commission can be signed?" In the matter of office distribution, clearly enough, the president and the party bosses are differently minded.

The democratic politicians who go to Washington do not have to be asked, "What will you take?" They know what they will take. "What will we get?" is the burning question with them, and it is likely to grow more burning as their stay is prolonged.

A contested election case in the North Carolina legislature has resulted in unseating a white democrat and giving the place to a colored republican. This is another evidence of the progress of republicanism.

Four thousand saloons in Illinois have been closed by the Harper high license law, and tax payers are saved two million dollars a year by it.

## THE HOOSIER DEMOCRATS

Indiana Excited over the Quarrel between her Favorite Sons.

INDIANAPOLIS March 8.—The interview with Mr McDonald in which he said that so far as he knew Mr Hendricks had said nothing favorable to him as a member of the cabinet, though possibly nothing against him, in which he differs from every other leading democrat in Indiana, has caused no little excitement in political circles and is generally understood to be the precursor of a fight on Mr McDonald's part against the treachery of which he has been a victim for so long a time. However the disposition of the party to worship the rising sun is shown in the fact that only Democrats the democrats in the senate declined to vote for the resolution inviting that the appointment of Mr McDonald to the cabinet would be satisfactory to the Indiana democracy. All but three if had become a settled fact that Mr McDonald had been tendered and that the members of the senate who hoped for some sort of recognition at the hands of the administration did not care to tie themselves up with a lead man so far as influence went to go for the vote. Mr McDonald's name came into anything like prominent discussion in connection with national affairs it has been steadily asserted by those who knew the relations between the two men that Mr Hendricks would use every means to defeat the ambition of his supposed rival who assumes to be a leader in the party not subservient to him. Against this state of affairs interested democrats present a hue and cry, and the columns of democratic papers have been filled with reassurements as to the relations between the two men.

It is learned from democratic sources that there is reason for believing that Mr McDonald is an avowed candidate for the senate two years hence and that in the factional fight which will naturally follow this candidacy he will burn the bridges behind him. There is also reason for believing that he will make common cause with Senator Voorhees and the editor of the *Sentinel*, while Mr Hendricks will serve a similar purpose for Governor Gray and that the result will be the political annihilation in this state for either the governor Mr Hendricks or Mr McDonald. In the very nature of things it will be a fight of political giants. It is to secure this that the friends of Mr McDonald all feel deeply chagrined over Mr Hendricks's course since the election. Not a dollar of money or any recognition in the cabinet to his lack of action if not his direct opposition. The acting that Mr Hendricks be trained McDonald at his ghastly banquet growing the situation [illegible] convention although it was practically [illegible] the campaign and now it leaks out or at least it is whispered that Mr McDonald was averse to Mr Hendricks being sent as a delegate, but that he was overruled by influences which he did not understand that the governor should represent Indiana in naming him McDonald for the presidency. Mr Hendricks did screw him but his heart was not in it. It is now stated that guards have been placed at all their landings by the authorities of Mexico, San Salvador and Nicaragua, with the probable intention of seizing or manipulating the property in case it should seem feasible. Secretary Bayard has notified the Guatamalan government that it will be held responsible for any damage to American life or property. Should his notice be appreciated by Barrios there is little danger of further trouble, but there remains a possibility that we may be obliged to recast our plowshares and have a little Egyptian campaign of our own.

### Liquor License in Minneapolis and St. Paul

St Paul Pioneer Press.

In Minneapolis and yesterday there were 727 saloons yielding a revenue under the low license law, upon a policy of $51 000. During the past year under the high license system the number of saloons has been reduced to 214 yielding an annual revenue to the city of $187 000. In St. Paul there are now 515 saloons whose aggregate license tax yields the city $85 500. If such a reduction in the same proportion as effected in Minneapolis we should have 282 saloons yielding an annual revenue of $140 000, a direct addition to the revenue of $55 000. This is equivalent to levying on the property of the entire taxpayers of this city which is $36 000 and would reduce the city tax from 16 mills to 12 mills.

### A Terrible Fire

Arouses the apprehensions of a whole city. And so the wild hurry of disease when a neglected cold is to ripen, women suffer from year to year with chronic diseases and weaknesses peculiar to their sex knowing that they are growing worse with every day, but using measures for their cure or relief. Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the result of life long and learned study of female complaints. It is guaranteed to cure.

It is about time to hear something about the discoveries made in the books at Washington. Has Mr Cleveland seen the trial balance, or has Tom Hendricks counted all the dollars in the treasury?—*Cleveland Herald*.

If you suffer from looseness of the bowels Angostura Bitters will surely cure you. Beware of counterfeits and ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article prepared by Dr J G B Siegert & Sons.

### To Regain Health

Use Dr Bailey's Celery Regulator.

### FUNERAL NOTICES.

Lincoln Post No. 4 G A R.—Comrades you are earnestly requested to assemble at G. A. R. hall at one o'clock P. M. next Wednesday March 18 for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late comrade Thomas McDonough from residence No. 46 North seventh st. at 2 o'clock P. M. All comrades are respectfully invited to participate in the last sad rites. By order D C LOUNSBURY, Comd't. I G Davidson Adjutant.

George Wright Post No 1, G A R.—Comrades you are hereby fully requested to assemble at G. A. R. hall on Wednesday, March 18, at one o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of a deceased comrade, Thomas McDougall of Lincoln Post No 4. Per order M J MORSE, Commander.

J. S. Fogg, Adjutant.

### BORN

In East Portland, on the evening of March 16, 1885, to the wife of Harry Bates, a son.—10 [illegible]

## NEW TO-DAY.

RECEIVED ONE CASE DRESS GOODS FOR Ladies' Suits, 10 pieces Bonnet Silks 19c; 25 pieces Black Brilliantine at 25c; this is all what is now in department, close as possible LEVI ANKENY & SON.

DR. JORDAN'S PEOPLE'S MUSEUM AND Private Medical Institute, 1104 Market st., San Francisco, Cal. The largest Museum on the Pacific Coast. Containing 20,000 curiosities. Admission free. Call or send for illustrated book of 100 pages, on chronic, nervous and sexual diseases, sent free (in sealed envelope) to any address. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Call on or address DR. JORDAN, 1104 Market st., San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE—ON ACCOUNT OF MY DEPARTURE from the city it is desired that those indebted to me will call and settle. Those of long standing are expected to be prepared to meet such calls for collection. Office at my old store, First and Morrison sts. S. L. STONE.

INFORMATION WANTED—CONCERNING ONE Charles Schroder a German who resided a number of years in Portland, Oregon, and left there about two months ago. Please communicate with PFEFFERLE, Notary corner Second and Mill sts., Portland, Or.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE FREE KIRK Gergerten Association will be held in the basement of the First Congregational church of Portland at 2 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, the 31st day of April, when the officers of the association for the ensuing year will be elected, and such other business transacted as may properly come before the meeting. All friends of the institution are cordially invited to be present. ROSE H. HOLT, Secretary.

Portland, March 7, 1885. 15 d1

TO CONTRACTORS—BIDS ARE INVITED BY the undersigned, at his office in Albina, to furnish the Portland High School a separate building, each of the following: For the completion of the two wooden buildings now under contract; painting, plastering and grading for the Hamilton, for the brick and stone work for the cellar and foundation for the plastering of the Hamilton, complete, and for the furnishing and putting in of the heating apparatus required by the plans and specifications for the Hamilton. Bids will be received until 12 o'clock, noon, on the 21st day of March, 1885, at which time they will be opened in the presence of bidders. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned, Albina, Or. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Bidders will be required to give bonds for the faithful performance of their contracts. Address A. ROMAN, Portland, Or. JOHN C. CHAPMAN, Secretary School Board.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE OF SALE—IN A case lately the steam ferry Boat Albina No 2, United States of Portland, Oregon, Wherein a libel was filed in the district court of the United States for the district of Oregon on October 29, 1884 by Lewis S. Ireland and others, libelants against the steam ferry boat called the Albina, No 2, her tackle apparel, machinery and furniture praying that the same may be sold for cause as in said libel appears and whereas the said vessel has been attached and is now in custody of said district court by virtue of process issued out of said court, and whereas all proceedings have been had in said cause, but by the final decree [illegible] it was ordered, adjudged and decreed that the said steam ferry boat Albina, her tackle apparel, machinery and furniture be sold, for the purpose upon execution at law, and that the proceeds thereof be brought into the registry of said court. Now therefore I hereby give notice that in pursuance of said decree and said order and by virtue of said writ of execution to me directed and delivered on the 16th day of March 1885 and to me directed and delivered I will on Friday the 20 day of April 1885 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the warehouse of the Portland Warehouse and Transfer Company on the Willamette river in the city of Portland, in said district sell the said steam ferry boat Albina No 2, her tackle apparel, machinery and furniture at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand. Dated at Portland and District the 16th day of March 1885. JOHN MIRA KELLY, U. S. Marshal for the District of Oregon. KUYKENDALL & MORELAND, Proctors. 16 d10

NEW MILLINERY daily arriving at "THE BOUQUET" from the East.

MRS. G. E. BURKE Leading Dressmaker, 165 Third st. Fine work at reduced prices.

O. COSER THE TAILOR has moved from Yamhill st. to 50 Morrison st., between 2d and 3d. New Spring Goods just received.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD. Laborers wanted for steady work. Apply to H D PITT, 9 Washington st.

JUST RECEIVED Fresh Halibut, celebrated Eastern Clams and other different kinds of fish at P. RICHARDS cor of 4th and Washington

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD. Telegram YALE B C, Feb 9th, 1885. To H D PITT, Portland: Plenty of work for men who want work. M J HANEY, Gen Supt Canadian Pacific Railroad

WOOD! WOOD! FIR $3 50, ASH $4 50, OAK $5 00. FOOT MORRISON ST.

SOCIAL AND DANCE.

MATTHA WASHINGTON COURT NO 1 GIVE a social and dance at Turn Verein Hall corner Front and First streets. Admission including ladies and gentlemen fifty cents.

Agents for Rockford Watches

IN OREGON WASHINGTON TERRITORY IDAHO and Montana will be sent on application the illustrated HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG, Portland O

Great Bargains in Real Estate,

WILL BE SOLD FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS. Lots 1 to 10 in block 3 in Caruthers addition to East Portland, 2 blocks east of Old Stock Yards, 1 block south of Powell Valley road, by paying 1/5 cash and balance in 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years at 8 per cent interest. Also 10 acres in the north part of Section 6 T 1 S R 2 E, 4 miles from Portland, 1 mile from Section Line road. Also 10 acres in the south part of Section 6 T 1 S R 2 E, 4 miles from Portland, 1 mile from Section Line road. These are the best bargains in the market to-day. Inquire of J. B. VAN BUSKIRK, Room 3 Stark st. Portland, or East Portland or Lent & Young No 30 Stark st. Portland.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE —OF— HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We will sell by auction on the premises No 88 Sixth st. between Stark and Oak sts.

THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1885, At 10 o'clock A. M.

The Furniture of Residence, sold as it stands, comprising—

[illegible] Wood mantle clock, full marble top, [illegible] Main Cook stove, [illegible] Garland Air Tight Cook Stove, [illegible] Garland Parlor Stove, Hanging Coal Oil Lamps in Sitting and Dining Rooms, Feather Pillows, Blankets, Comforts, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Lounges, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Stair Rods, Mirrors, Kitchen Utensils, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Etc., Etc.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

DO YOU WANT TO SELL?

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

CTION AND COMMISSION
GILMAN & CO.
ES OF real estate, furniture,
e, horses, cattle, buggies, etc.
days & Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.
E, ETC.,
WILL SELL
NITURE, BEDDING,
ALL PAPER, ETC.,
AT COST,
THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS,
JUST FOR FUN!
. BIRMINGHAM,
and 246 First St., near Main.
NTER—Considering low expenses
not less than any other in Portland, be
n when purchasing. Call and
SPECIAL NOTICES
OLDERS' MEETING.—THE ANNUA
facturing Company will be held at the
e No. 0 First street, Portland, Oregon,
y March 25, 1885, at 2:30 o'clock P.
e of electing a board of directors for
and transacting such other business as
come before a stockholders' meeting.
W. M. KAPUS, Secretary.
Or., March 14, 1885.
AL—YE ARK COMPANY OF
ed at have removed to the new store
st, between Taylor and Yamhill.
ASH—PE TAX ROLL FOR 188
in my hands for collection and all taxes
reon must be paid at my office, No. 106
hin thirty days from this date or the
urrned and the law complied with.
D. C. McKEACHER, City Treasurer.
Feb 20 1885
DPARTNERSHIP NOTICE IS HE
ween John R. Foster of Portland and J
Umatilla County, in business as Jobb
to all Umatilla and Foster in Oregon
n from this day dissolved. All debts
ne the store at Pilot Rock will be paid
Foster, and all debts and accounts due
settled by J. H. Kuntz at Umatilla, Or.
March 2, 1885. JOHN R. FOSTER.
NE—HENRY ROEHR, Wood
need a share on the First street bridge,
street bridge to establishment on the
reet bridge, on the south to third
he will be prepared to give his friends
cool drink. Fresh and other beverages
ly. Lunch morning and evening.
with his select family orchestra will give a concert
to every Sunday
ing match took place last evening at
's place, for the benefit of "Billy
who was so seriously injured by a fall at
Temple gymnasium some time since. A
sum was realized.
There will be a meeting of the Ladies' Aid
of the First Congregational church this
at half-past 2. The members are all
requested to be present, as business of importance
to be brought before the society.
The matron of the Good Samaritan hospital
gratefully receive donations of old car-
or pieces of carpeting for use in the hospi-
Spring cleaning sometimes suggests new
and the appeal may hint to the charita-
how to dispose of the old ones.
Clothing at cost. G. SHINDLER & Co
NEW HALIBUT HERE.
Many of Mr C. A. Malarkey's patrons were
disappointed on account of his last supply of
halibut being exhausted so quickly. Mr Ma-
larkey at once telegraphed for a larger supply
of the delicious fish, which arrived last even-
ing, and he is now prepared to satisfy all de-
mands.
IMPORTANT
Now is the time to invest in furniture, car-
pets, wall paper, rugs, etc., as the well known
firm of G. Schindler & Co. are selling at actual
cost and close out their retail business, so as to
enable them entire time to manufacturing.
Warerooms, 166 First, through 200 feet to 167
and 169 Front street, Portland, Oregon.
If F. Gullison & Co will positively close out
mattress on or before May 1st. Carpets, oil
cloths, rugs, mats, at actual cost.
Grand Opening of Pilger's Dressmaking Parlors.
Miss Sarah Pilger takes great pleasure in announc-
ing to the ladies of Portland that she will open her
elegant dress-making parlors, which have just been
fitted up at No. 71 Morrison street, on Monday,
March 16th. She is now prepared to furnish ladies
with the latest spring styles at the lowest possible rig
ures. The cutting and fitting department is under the
entire management of Mrs. L. Pilger, which is a cer-
tain guarantee of perfect fit and style.
Bon Ton
Is a well tested polish for shoe leather. It is a prep
aration without the presence of the destructive acids
found in most cheap shoe polishes, but on the contra
ry, softens the leather and makes it water tight. It
not only means a beautiful polish, but makes the
shoe soft and water proof and is put up in pas
form, convenient for use. Ask your shoe dealer for a
cake or bottle.
Orchids in bloom to-day at Plunder's greenhouses
on Washington st. It is well worth a trip to see them
Hayward Hand Grenade,
Kal. Post, agent. No 15 Stark street, Portland, Or
Finest stock of writing paper and visiting cards at
Edward Dekum & Co's.
CITY NOTICES.
Sanders's Music Store.
Go to Keith's for oysters.
Farmers Wood Yard—At the old stand, foot of
Morrison street.
Palace Baked Beans and Home Made Brown Bread
at the Quaker Dairy
Steele & Moore, artistic photographers, corner
First and Morrison streets.
Brass 25 cents first class at Knickerbocker drug
store, Washington street, at middle.
Wood! Wood spring beds. Geo M Parker 135
First street. Trade supplied.
Wanted—That worn out sewing machine to Barbey &
Co., 1st and 2d, in the best manner. Jeannie Winston
Barber Shop.—Ferguson & Davis hair cutting and
shaving rooms at No. 90 First st. Every man an artist.
Gardner Photo of Jeannie Winston given to pur-
chasers of Snow Flake for the complexion, at Child &
Co's drug store.
Cheap Wood & Darham st Morrison street, will fill
orders with Milwaukee Beer in bottles, at $1 per
dozen, to any part of the city.
Orders from the country can by mail receive prompt
attention at John A. Child & Co's drug store corner
Morrison and Second streets.
Wanted to the City.—Abell & Son's photograph bi-
ness is the largest west of Chicago and their
work more appreciated in the United States. 20 Wash-
ington street.
Bath for your teeth that life-great old mine diamond
dentifrice and free from flaws. For sale by
Ayer's Pace Loan Office, 50 First. All sizes of os-
car watches, diamonds and bonds in sums from
$1 to $50,000.
Johnson's Sewing Machine Store 167 Third
street, Portland, Or. General agent for the two fa
mous machines, the White and Household; dealer in all sewa
ing machines, oil, needles, attachments, and all
parts. Machines repaired and warranted.
BUSINESS ITEMS
Liebig Co.'s Coca Beef Tonic
Is endorsed the Hygienic Medical College of New
York, and is prescribed by the medical faculty
generally as the standard tonic. It builds up
the entire constitution, nerve force, brain and
nerve centers with the powerful elements of Coca Leaf
and Beef Tonic. It is a food and a tonic. Life
Blood, Nerve Force, Brain Power, Muscle, Sinew, &
Bone. Every ounce of it is a solid nutriment.
Sold by druggists. Pamphlet free.
Savoie & Mochers
Are Wholesale agents for the original and genuine
Carbon Oil, drop lamps for $2 50; the chimneys
for the same, all kinds of lamps and burners at
the lowest prices. Also agents for the Household
Sewing Machine, the best remedy for Asthma. 26 and 28
First street.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is the best remedy for the blood. Ayer's Pills
are the best remedy for Constipation. Ayer's Cherry
Pectoral is the best remedy for Coughs, Colds, and
Consumption. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the best remedy
for Dandruff and Baldness. Ayer's Ague Cure is the
best remedy for Fever and Ague. Ayer's Liniment is
the best remedy for Rheumatism. Ayer's Cathartic
Pills are the best remedy for Constipation. Ayer's
Sarsaparilla is the best remedy for Scrofula. Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy for Whooping
Cough. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the best remedy for

# The Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1885.

## COMMERCIAL.

TO-DAY, March 17.

Weather—Cloudy; warm; but it is hoped that small rain will fall in time of year will bring with it a freeze or two. The eastern and southern portions of Sandwich Islands have enjoyed fine rains during the past week, and the prospects for crops are very good. Advices from Honolulu to March 7th state that the Hawaiian Government has decided to import 1000 Chinese laborers, and that the Chinese Commissioner, Consul-General Irving, has gone to Canton to procure them. The Hawaiian Bark Kaiulani is loading at Honolulu for Central America and the Bay Islands. Shipments for Honolulu—

Per Bark Kaiulani—Lime, 500 casks; cement, 500 casks; hardware, 1 case; sundries, 1 case.

Per Bark Hawaiian